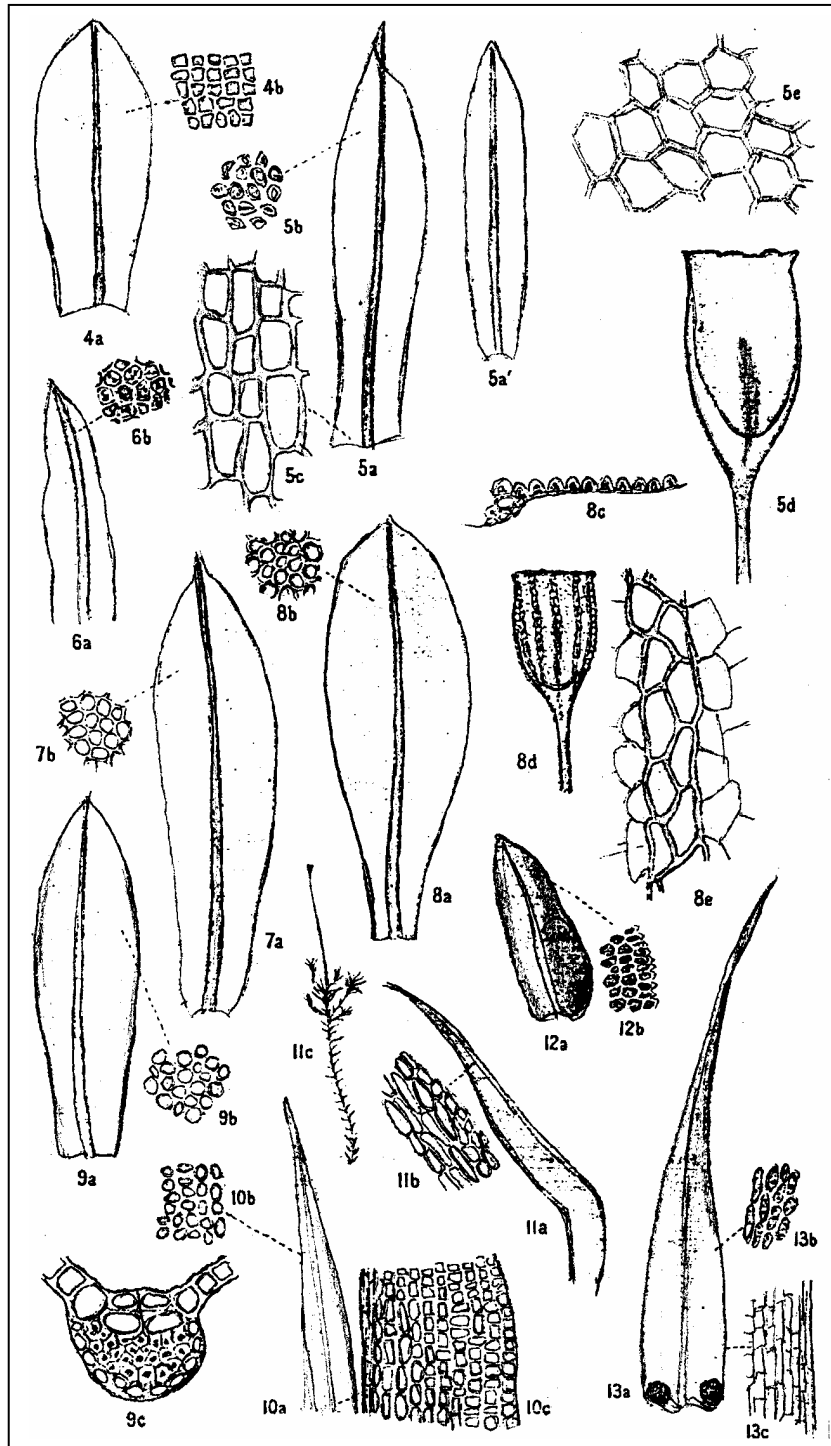


4. **Merceyopsis angustifolia.** Broth. & Dixon, sp. nov. (Tab. 508, fig.5.) Dense caespitosa, habitu *M. pellucida* sed *multo minor*, minus ramosa. Folia conferta, *angustiora*, 2-2.75 mm. longa, vix 5 mm. lata; *anguste lingulata*, *superne parum latiora*, *ad apicem angustata*, *acuta vel subacuta*; costa valida, infra apicem abrupte soluta. Areolatio superior *M. pellucida*, vel paullo major (5-10  $\mu$ ), ad basin *laxior*, *cellulis rectangularibus pluribus*, pellucidis, eis *M. minuta* fere similibus. Seta 4 mm. longa, theca parva, elliptica, pallide fusca; exothecii cellulae 30-40  $\mu$  latae, parietibus sat firmis. Folia perichaetia bina, multo breviora.

Hab. Mt. Pangerango, Java, 7-10,000 ped.; leg. Motley; in Herb. Mitten, sine nomine; nos. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Well marked in its areolation from its congeners, excepting only *M. pellucida*, which is closely related, and with which it may possibly have to be ultimately united; but the Panchgani plant is very constant in its wider, more obtusely pointed leaves, and especially in the basal areolation, and will, I believe, probably prove to be distinct.



H. N. Dixon del.

INDIAN MOSSES

West, Newman proc.